



SB-0201

Third Year B. A. Examination
March / April – 2011
English Compulsory (H. L.)

Time : Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

Instructions :

(1)

નીચે દર્શાવેલ નિશાનીવાળી વિગતો ઉત્તરવહી પર અવશ્ય લખવી.
Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.

Name of the Examination :
T. Y. B. A.

Name of the Subject :
ENGLISH COMPULSORY (H. L.)

Subject Code No. : 0 2 0 1 Section No. (1, 2.....): NIL

Seat No. :

Student's Signature

- (2) Numbers on the right indicate marks.
(3) There are seven questions.
(4) Clearly mention the options you choose.
(5) Attempt all questions.

- 1 Attempt briefly any two of the following : 8
- (a) What did research prove to Fleming about the antiseptics?
(b) What was Kamala's role in the freedom movement?
(c) Why did Mother Teresa want to become a nun?
(d) In what way was Martin Luther King's army special?

- 2 Attempt a character sketch of Tolstoy. 12

OR

Describe Schweitzer's achievement and character.

OR

What according to Tennyson, was the secret of Vinoba's success in mission?

- 3 Describe the last moments of Socrates. 12

OR

What was Tagore's attitude to Western Civilisation?

OR

In what sense was Gandhi a unique personality?

- 4 Write an essay on any one of the following : 12

- (a) Untouchability.
- (b) Degrees and services.
- (c) Modes of entertainment.

- 5 Prepare a report on the price rise in the vegetable market. 7

OR

Prepare a committee report on the condition of national politics.

- 6 Make a precis of the following : 7

The more pessimistic of our critic adduce many arguments to suggest that the novel has lost its hold on the reading public. They point out that nowadays we seem to have far less leisure than our grandparents enjoyed and assert that the few hours we manage to snatch for indoor relaxation are, more often than not, surrendered to the urgent demands of sound, radio and television. They declare that, on the rare occasions when we do sit back in an armchair and devote an hour or two to quiet reading, we seldom read a novel, but rather try to improve our minds, to add to our stock of

knowledge, or even to advance our prospects in life, by studying biographies, histories, “do-it-yourself” manuals, or books of travel and exploration. Since our generation has neither the time nor the taste for fiction, they conclude, the novel is doomed.

Statistics, however, contradicts the critics. They show that the novel is still numerically the most popular type of book published in this country. In April 1957, for example, 328 new novels appeared, no less than a fifth of all the new books published in that month and 200 more than the next largest category, children’s book.

How is that the novel has survived the heavy pressure of modern life and the increasing competition of other type of books? The explanation must surely be that there is some instinct in mankind which craves for make-believe. “Tell me a story” says the child in all of us. Besides it is not easy to take a television set with us on a railway journey; nor do all of us prefer radio to reading just before we turn out the light and go to sleep. Whatever the rivals claim on our leisure, we still find time for “a good novel”. Fiction may undergo many a change with the years, but in some form or other it seems likely to remain one of our chief sources of relaxation.

- 7 Do as directed : 12
- (1) Only ten girls he had called. (Correct the sentence)
 - (2) Tourists always enjoyed.... the setting sun in the Darjeeling hills. (Complete the sentence with-to watch, watching, in seeing, seeing.)

- (3) Tantemount, tantamount, tentamount, tentemount.
(Choose right spelling)
- (4) Main, mane. (Use the words in your sentence)
- (5) Immunity. (Give synonym)
- (6) Remote. (Give antonym)
- (7) A package deal-(Use the expression in your sentence)
- (8) Go into. (Use the phrasal verb in your sentence)
- (9) Enthusiasm. (Give adjectival form)
- (10) Critical. (Give noun form)
- (11) Elusive (Give verb form)
- (12) Psychotherapy. (Give dictionary meaning)
